

Dear Children Wisdom's Precepts leave And bearken to her Words; She to all that obey her Voice, Aglorious Grown affords.

# Youth's

## Divine Tastime.

Forty Remarkable Scripture Histories.
turned into English Verse. With For
ty Pictures, proper to each Story very
delightful for young Persons, and to
prevent Vain and Victous Divertisements. Also several Scripture Hymns
upon various Occasions.

In Two PARTS

PAKET.

He certainly doth hit the White, Who mingles Profit with delight,

Of Death and Judgment, Heaven and Holl, Who often thinks must needs live well.

The Ewelfth Edition

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### Epistle to Youth.

Sweet Children, Wisdom you invites

To bearken to her Voice;

She offers to you rare Delights

Most worthy of your Choice.

Everyal Blessings in her ways
You shall be sure to find
Oh, therefore in your louthful days,
Tour great Greator mind.

Upon a World, vain, toilsome, foul,
A Jurney now you enter;
The Welfare of your living Soul
You dangerously adventure.

The Joys that other Pleasure brings,
Wit Vanities abound.
Nay when in Streights they take their Wing
Vexations they are found.

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Then bumbly strive without delay?

Grace in God s fight to find,

And glasly now, and all your Days

Tour great Creator mind.

I. Adam and Eve driven out of Paradice Gen 2.



A Dam and Eve were form'd of Dust That was their Pedigree, Yet had a grant never to die, Would they obedient be.

And to compleat their happinels, In Uprightnels were made, And into Eden they were put Under God's blessed Shade.

They wanted nothing, but had leave This Garden to possess, And there to eat and recreate, Themselves in blossedness.

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#### Adam and Eve.

They only were prohibited
The Tree of Good and Evil,
Lest eating it should them betray
To Sin, and Death, and Devil.

But they are quickly drawn aside, By Satan's Subtilty; By whose Advice they took and eat, What caus'd their Misery.

They God's Command forgot, and what He unto them had faid; The Serpent's Craft o'er them prevails, Whereby they are betray'd.

Thus being fal'n, they next contrive,
Excules how to frame,
To cover their Iniquity,
And to conceal their Shame

Adam doth Eve accuse, and she all on the Serpent lays
But still their guilt the more appears.
Their Crime it more displays.

For which th' Almighty them doth cur Out of his Paradice. To make them know that Death and un Do follow Sin and Vice.

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II. Cain and Abel, Gen 4;



Ain feem'd a zealous worshipper,
But yet he came behind,
for God his Brother doth prefer
'Cause he was best inclin'd:

But Abel walk'd by faith,

His Offering God accepts who faw
His Heart, as Scripture faith.

fo Jesus yet to come,

no his own works did over prize,

And a Curse carried home.

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Cain and Abel.

When God in judging did receive

Abel and Cain reject,

Cain doth thereat complain and grieve

'Caufe he had no respect.

And being proud doth much distain
The Youth should him out-do,
Yet finds no way Repute to gain,
But what adds to his woe.

He takes his Opportunity, And doth his Brother kill, 'Cause he his God doth glorifie, And rightly do his will.

This done, God asks Where's Abel? Cain, he fays, I cannot tell,
And yet he had poor Abel flain;
Oh the Deceits of Hell!

But Cain a very dreadful found

I from the Earth do bear

Thy Brother's Blood spilt on the Ground

Doth sadly pierce my Earth

Thou Wretch! thou hast my Abd Gin.

His Blood revenge I will;

Depart see not my Face again

Upon my boly Hill.

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When Men by Sin and Violence
Did stain the Earth with Blood,
God doth resolve to wash them thence
By VVaters of a Flood.

Yet did he warn before he struck,

Noab was sent to tell,

They by their sins would God provoke

To cast them down to hell!

He also sent an hundred Years
Betwixt the threat and Blow,
If haply they by Frayers and Tears
Might yet prevent their VVoc.

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Noah's Flood.

He likewise caus'd Noab to make
An Ark, whereby to save
His House, while those who him forsake
Might their just Judgment have.

Thus Patience was with threatning mixt But all did them no good; Their Minds on Mischief they had fixt, And so God sent the Flood.

Then some unto the Mountains slee,
And other climb the Trees,
Here one cries out, Ab | Woe is me,
he Death and Judgment sees.

But now alas! it is too late, treasures of VVrath break out, Their dismal, yea, eternal Fate, Doth compass them about.

Now Mercy doth to Judgment turn, Now finful Pleafures Sting, The thoughts of Years mispent return, terrors in every thing.

But where is Noah? In the Ark
Alive, and fale and well:
Though at his Building they did bark,
he has escap'd their Hell.

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lood,

2 IV. The burning of Sodom and Gomorrah, Gen. 19.



N Cansan's Land did Sodom stand, Amidit a pleasant Plain, Like Eden 'twas, nor want, nor loss they seemed to sustain.

They eat and drank, had all things frank,
Whate er they could require,
God liberally derb them supply,
they have their hearts defire.

They lought and fold; Silver and Gold they in abundance had,
They decked were with Jewels fair,
And with fine Silk were clad.

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their Water-Springs ran clear,

Their Sheep and Kine, Fig-trees and Vine Brought Plenty every Year.

They wanted not a righteous Lot, to teach them how to please So good a Lord, who did afford them Riches, Health and Eafe.

But ah behold how vile and bold there Men of Sodom were; To Wantonnels and all Excels, they all addicted are.

rank,

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their

The Poor they flight, in Lust delight, And live in Sodomy; Yea, in their Pride at Lot deride, And mock his Ministry.

This angers God, who with a Rod
Of Brimffone fet on Fire,
Drives from th' Earth to difmal Death,
these Objects of his Ire:

To Ashes turns their Cities; burns their Fields, and all the Plain; Makes them a fign of Wrath Divine, By a most fiery Rain.

V. Abra

#### V. Abraham's Offering-bis Son Isaac Gen. 22.

14



OUR Father Abraham was he Whom God the Promise made, That in his Seed we blest should be, And thence should come our aid.

Isaac his Son he did beget,
From whom that Seed should spring,
VVho on the Throne of God should sit
As Prophet, Priest and King.

VVhen God his Promile had made good By giving him a Son, And Abraham thereby understood God was a Righteous One.

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He tempted him, and bid him go
Unto his holy Hill,
And there, by Sacrifice undo
What he meant to fulfil.

Without delay then Abraham went With Fire, with Wood and Knife, And with a resolute intent To take his Isaac's Life.

He on the Mount an Altar makes, The Wood in order lay, And then the bloody Knife he takes, God's Counfel to obey.

Nor did he unadvisedly
In this his bold Attempt,
If God will have his Isaac die,
Abraham won't him exempt.

Accounting had he flain his Son,
And flied his innocent Blood,
The Promise wou'd not be undone,
His God could make it good.

For his Obedience God doth give
Him Ifaac back again,
A Sign that he by Christ should live,
And in his Grace remain.

He

VI. Joseph.



Young Joseph for a Slave was fold And was so just unto his Trust, His Master never him controul'd.

His Mistress sees his comliness,
And on him casts a lustful Eye,
And without fear cries come my dear
Thou now must with thy Mistress lie

O Impudent why not content
With what by Marriage was thy share
How insolone was thy intent
How hise and vile dost thou appear

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All modest Wives, who lead chaste Lives, Thy-hold Lasciviousness decry, Such Harlots lewd they do exclude From their Converse and Company.

But would he be and do as she
With shameless Face did him desire?
No. facred Story unto his Glory,
Says he did hastily retire.

For which her Heart, a treacherous part,
Did unto modest Joseph show,
Since he her will durst not fulfil,
She now resolves his Overthrow.

Therefore a Cry she instantly
Did seign, pretending she was chast,
Alas, said she, he'll ravish me.
Come come, to my releif make baste.

Thus Joseph. cause he faithful was, Did suffer Wrong end Misery, While Potiphar ev'n dotes on her False and pretended Honesty.

But into prison Joseph's thrown
As guilty of Disloyalty;
With Fetters bound for Crimes unknown,
Yet soon advanc'd to Dignity.
VII. Joseph

old

VII. Joseph and bis Brethren Gen. 42, 43.

18



When Foseph's Brethren him had sold And into Egypt he was gone, Theywent and their old Father told, An evil Beast had slain his Son;

This did they 'cause their evil Deeds

He to their Father us'd to tell.

Who Vice corrects but hardly speeds,

Though by so doing he means well.

They likewise hate him for his Dreams, Scorning he should above them be. Pride always runs Men to extreams, And envies those that rise more high.

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Yet Joseph and his Brethren.
Yet Joseph up at last is set,
Made next to Pharoah in the Land,
The Cross to Dignity's no Let,
The purpose of the Lord shall stand.

A Famine makes them hunt for Bread;
Distrest, they came to Joseph's Door.
What Men despile when they are great,
They'l not disdain if once grown Poor.

To Joseph now they cringe and bow,
And give him both the Cap and Knee.
The baughty Looks, the Lord knows bow
To bring unto Humility.

Joseph looks strange, and speaketh rough:
He charges them with being spies.
Oh! ye are are serv'd justly enough.
Remember your poor Brother's Cries.

Falshood and Theft he to their charge Doth lay; to mind them of their Sin, Imprisons and sets them at large, To shew his Dream sulfill'd had been.

At last he tells them who he was,
He kisses and forgives them too,
Tells them the Crown he got by th' Cross
There's none but Christ the like can do.
VIII. Moses

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When Foseph's Brethren him had fold And into Egypt he was gone, Theywent and their old Father told, An evil Beast had sain his Son;

This did they 'cause their evil Deeds

He to their Father us'd to tell.

Who Vice corrects but hardly speeds,

Though by so doing he means well.

They likewise hate him for his Dreams, Scorning he should above them be. Pride always runs Men to extreams, And envies abose that rise more bigh.

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## 20 VIII. Moss in the Ark of Bulrushes Exod. 2.



THY Mother, when she saw thy Face, Concluded thus of thee, A Man above the common Race Of Men, my Son will be.

And when she from the Tyrant's Wrath Could thee no longer hide,
She in a Bulrush Ark thee brought
Unto the River's side.

Among the Flags she down thee laid, Hoping that God to thee Would send Deliverance and Aid, And thy blest Saviour be.

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Soon after *Phareab*'s Daughter came.

Unto this very place;
She sees the Ark and for the same.

Sends and doth it uncase

This Rushy House soon opening,
she there a babe doth spy,
Thou wep'st her bowels yearn for thee,
And thy hard destiny.

Thy Sifter comes and tells her she A Nurse for thee will call, Who is thy Mother what to thee, More happily could befal.

This Child Said she nurse thou for me,
And Wages thou shalt have,
His Mother now his Nurse must be,
Nought kills when God will save.

When grown a Man to Court he came Where owned as the Son Of Phaoral's Daughter he great fame, And reputation won.

he Mojes named him, because Taken out of the River, and he soon shew'd that he was Sent Israel to deliver.

IX Moles

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Vrath



At Horeb who did see,

And much admire a Bush on Fire,

That could not Burned be.

He saw the blaze with great amaze
But whilst he veiw'd this Wonder
Thence suddenly proceeds a cry
And a Voice resembling Thunder.

Moses, thy shoes thou must unloofe.
Thou stand'st on Holy Ground,
Here is the Lord thy Father's God
Who doth with Grace abound.

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ve heard and seen and long have been With Jacob's Grooms affected, for help they crave and I will save From Egypt mine Afflicted.

hence I their King will Israel bring
In Canaan they shall dwell
beir Cause I'll plead, I will them lead
because I love them well.

To Pharoah I will thee imploy.

For their deliverance
by Wonders too which thou shalt do

My Glory I'll advance:

le not afraid nor yet difma; d ...

To go before the King will take care to keep thee there,

And fafely back will bring.

Moses with awe the cause now saw.

The Bush was not consumed

le knew where God made his abode

Fire rather there persum'd.

To Court this Word to show.
Tell Pharoab he must Israel free
The Lord will have it so

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X The

The Ten Flagues of Egypt, Exod. 789,10.

24.



Ofes then came to Pharoah

And to him did this message bring

The Lord faith let my people go

To serve me with an offering

But he refused he will not hear
God therefore on him Plagues did send
Yet still he turned a deas ear
And God with plagues his life did end,

To blood he doth their Waters change From whence a Plague of frogs did spring Which overspread the Land and range in the Chambers of the King

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He still rebels; God Lice doth send, And swarms of Flies in all their Coasts, To shew that none can them defend From the Almighty Lord of Hosts.

He's hardened still: The Murrain next Infects all Cattle in the Land, With Boils and Blains, they then are vext, Magicians can't before them stand.

To this succeeds a Plague of Hail,
With I hunder mixt and Flames of Fire,
But with the King could not prevail,
To do what God doth him require.

He will not part with Ifrael yet;
The Locusts by Divine Command
All the green Herbs and Fruits do eat,
And instantly destroy the Land.

Tet Pharaoh, still is proud and stout;
Jebovah, he will not obey;
The Land God compasses about
With horrid Darkness Night and Day.

Egypt's first-born the Lord did slay, hich put them all in such a fright, That Pharaoh bid them go their way.

B XI. Pharaoh

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25 XI. Pharaoh and his Host drown'd in the Red-Sea, Exod. 14.



W Hen Pharaob had let Israel go,
And they were marching to their
He foon repents his doing fo, (Place,
And calleth back his Act of Grace.

He follows them with rage and speed,
And vaunting cries, presumptuously,
For my Ten Plagues I'll make them bleed,
And glut my felf with Cruelty.

At length he them doth overtake,
As they encamped by the Sea;
For dread of him they fear and quake
They see there's now no room to flee

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XII. The Brazen Serpent, Numb. 21.

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OD's Ifrael 'gainst him rebel, In Elom's Wilderness. They Manna slight, as Bread too light, Which brings them great Distress.

For this their lewd Ingratitude,
God fiery Serpents brought;
Whose poisonous Stings Death quickly
And great Destruction wrought. (orings

For Help they cry in Misery,
And supplicate their God:
Of him they crave, he them would save,
From his afflicting Rod.
Yea

Yea, Moses too, with Prayers doth woo The Lord for Israel:

When they repent, God doth relent, And foon will make them well.

Moses must see, that quickly he, A Brazen Serpent make, That those among them who were stung, Of Healing might partake.

This Serpent was put on a Cross,
And lifted up on high.
For all to see, and healed be,
Though stung, they did not die.

This Serpent Lord, bath plain regard,

To thy beloved Son;

For when the Fall had ruin'd all,

And Man was quite undone.

Christ on the Cross advanced was,
That all who do believe,
An stand in awe, of his blest Law,
Salvation might receive.

Let then our Eyes, and fervent cries,
Ascend to him for Aid;
When in Distress, let's him address,
And never he afraid.

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XIII. Balaam

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XIII. Balaam and his Afs. Numb. 22.



Balack much fearing Ifrael,
To Balaam fends, that he,
Would come and curfe God's Heritage
Thereby his Land to free.

Balaam was ready, but forbid By God, so great a Crime; And therefore stays, till Balack sent, Again a second time.

Then Balaam would no more refuse,
But does with him comply,
An thereby is at length involved.
In Balack's deftiny.

He takes his Servant and his Ass, And so away doth go, Forgetting what God to him said; Balack will have it so.

An angry Angel, with his Sword,
Appears, him to withstand.
The Ass him sees and Balaam saves,
By flying from his Hand.

He heats his Ass into the way?

The Angel then doth stand
In such a place, that Balaam now
His Ass could not command.

But beat him: Whereupon the Alie His Master doth reprove; For being cruel to him, when He to preserve him strove.

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And this now feems a very frange And an unequal Strife; Balaam resolves to kill his Ass. Because he saves his Life.

Thus God by Brutes sometimes, is pleas'd'
Men's Follies to correct,
When they refuse Obedience,
And his Commands reject.

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XIV. The Fall of the Walls of Jericho, Joshua 6.



When I rael over fordan got,
To Fericho they quickly went,
Because it was part of their Lot,
By the Great God's Commandment.

They block'd it up on every fide,
None could get out, nor none go inThus God began to check the Pride
O'th' Canzanites, who liv'd in Sin.

Arms never heard of, us'd must be
By Israel to gain the Town:
They must found Rams-horns, till they
the Walls of Fericho sall down. (see

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six Days the Ark must compass it, And armed Men about it go, But must not speak a Word as yet, Nor with a Weapon strike a blow.

The seventh Day they seven times go, With found of Trumpet round th' Town Which done they gave a Shout and fo, The Walls of Fericho fall down.

Thus did the Lord let I/rael fee He needed not their fword nor Bow, Since by means most unlikely, he, Can foon deftroy his ftrongest Foe.

Yea he to them a Promise makes, Would they his Laws adhere unto, The rest of Canaan for their sakes Should foon become like Jericho.

By this we see what Faith can do; by Faith they did besiege the Town By Fairb leventimes about it por By Faith it's mighty Walls fell down.

Thus they that put their Confidence And trust alone in God the Lord; & Shall find that he Deliverance Willialways unto them afford. XV. Samfon

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XV. Samson and Daliali, Judges 16.



Will he that Harlot love?

She'll make him bitterly repent:

A Dalilab she'll prove:

To her bewitching flattery,
A charming Tongue, was he
So much a Slave what e'er she asks,
He nothing could deny.

Who being hired by his Foes,

To know where lay his strength;

She tries her several Arts and so

Prevails on him at length.

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She makes him sleep upon her Lap, And then she cuts his Locks, And calling in the Philistines, They sieze on him with Mocks.

Thus valiant Samson was betray'd;
And given as a Prey
Unto his foes; whom lock'd in Chains;
They in a Dungeon lay.

And now when he designs to act,
As he had done before;
'Tis but in vain his Strength is gone,
He can do so no more.

Is this the Man the Champion who
The Lyon tore in funder;
Is this the mighty Conqueror
Whose Arm destroy'd like Thunder;

Is this the Man, who only with
the faw-bone of an Ass
Destroy'd a thousand Philistines?
Tet now a slave alas!

Lord watch, Lord keep, Lord save us all,
Be with us Night and Day,
When tempted we are apt to fall,
and often go aftroy,
XVI. Samfor



Next labour to secure thine Eyes; They'll pluck 'em out & then with Mocks They over thee will Tyrannize.

Thou once their Plague, art now their See what thy Crimes have brought thee On thy Religion they Retort, to And cry, God Dagon wrought thy woe.

In Brazen Shakle thou dost lye.

And forced art to grind their Mill.

Ah! thou art brought to Misery,

By yielding to an Harlot's Will.

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His Locks begin to grow again;
His Strength increases with his Hair,
Whereby he hath some thousands slain.

But overjoy'd they take no Thoughts, For now it is a Feasting day; They have him fast, and he is brought, To be their Pastime, and their Play.

All Qualities, and Sorts repair,
To see blind Samson in the Hall;
Who falls and stumbles here and there,
And seeks about to find the wall.

Between the Pillars they him set, Where he is scofft at, and abus'd: It fill'd his Heart with much Regret, To find himself so basely us'd.

He prays to God, to give him strength,
And bows himself with all his Power:
He shakes the House, which falls at length
And thousands slays at his last Hour.

hus fell Heaven's Champion with Renown Whose Death doth him great Honour and all his Victories does crown, (gain Which in his Life he did obtain.

XVII. David

XVII. David and Goliah,
1 Sam. 17.

38



Wer waged under Saul,
A giant in their Hoft they saw,
Whom they Goliab call.

In height he others did surpass, In strength he did excel, He had a Head-piece all of Brass, And he with Pride did swell.

Who Marching to their Tents doth boss And insolently cry, With the best Captains in their host, His Courage he will try.

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David and Goliah:

The Ifraelies were in great Fear,
And trembling at his Voice.
Which made their Enemies scoff and jear
and over them rejoyce.

Thus proud Goliah oft doth vaunt, And challenge them to Fight, But Ifrael's Generals Courage want To meet this Man of Might.

When David came into the Hoft,
And heard his Blasphemies;
Displeas'd he should thus huff and boast,
I'll fight with him, he cries.

Goliab doth his Youth despise, Swears he will have his Life; David as valiantly Reply's, His Death shall End the strife

Goliab came with fword and fpear,
But David with a fling,
And though the Giant rage and fwear,
Down David doth him bring

He only flings a little frone,
And therewith lays him dead,
which done, he bravely marches on,
And then cuts off his Head

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XVIII David



N great Distress to the VVilderness, Of Paran, David sted, Lest he should fall by surious Saul VVho close him followed

He was in want, Food now grew scant, So Nabal he requires, To send him Bread; but he instead, Of answering his Desires,

Doth him despise and roughly cries,

He is a Run-away;

He will not give Food to relieve

Any such men as they

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When the Young-Man came back again, And Nabal's words declare;
David vows he his Family will flay and none will spare

A Servant near does Nabal hear,
And Abigal doth inform,
VVho did foresee, that this would be,
The cause of dreadful harm.

Bread she provides, and wine besides, And unto David goes, To pacifie his wrath thereby, and save her house from woes.

Being discreet, at David's Feet She falls and favour craves, Prays he'll be pleas'd to be appeas'd Since God him often saves.

He hears her Voice, and does rejoyce
She kept him back from blood;
He up her lifts, receives her Gifts,
And promises her Good.

For Abigail to Wife

XIX. David

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XIX. David and Bethsheba, 2 Sam. II.



M Hen against Ammon Joab fought, King David staid at home, And on his House did use to walk Till foab back should come,

From conquering his Enemies One Evening thus imploy'd, Bathsheba who was very fair Bathing her felf he spied

Her Beauty prov'd a Snare to him; he fent and she is brought, With whom he Folly doth commit, which him much Mischief wrought And

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David and Bersheba

And to conceal his wickedness, And cover this vile deed, Her husband poor Uriab's doom'd, Though innocent to bleed

This Faithful valiant Soldier, Must be expos'd to die, Lest he his wife's adultery Should happen to descry

Joab must be employ'd therein, who never ask'd the Cause: David then takes her to his wife; and thus rejects Gud's Laws.

Lord if the best Men may thus
So fouly sin and fall,
What need have we to watch and pray,
and on thy Name to call,

For thy Assistance and thy Grace
Temptations to withstand,
That they may ne'er prevail on us
To break the least Command.

Since we observe that one sin still Is followed by another; Vainly, like David, Men design, The first the last shall cover.

XX David

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H O VV-quietly did David lye, and thought his Crime conceal'd; But God can clear, and make appear, What he will have reveal'd.

For Nathan came and in God's name
Lay'd to his Charge this Sin.
Threatning that God with his sharp Rod,
would surely visit him.

Thou didst, quoth he, this secretly, But God before the Sun, Will manifest, how he detests The Deed which thou hast done.

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Uriah's Wife, and then his Life.

Were subject to thy Lust,

And now thy Wives and Childrens Lives,

Must go; for God is just.

Thus saith the Lord, I'll draw my Sword Regainst thy Family: And first for thy, adultery, The New-born Child shall die.

I made thee King and every thing
Bestow'd thou coud'st desire;
Tea, more I would have given, could
Thy Wishes more require.

But now fince those that are my Foes,
Blaspheme to see thy Ways
Thy House no Peace nor Quietness,
Shall have in all thy Days

Thou dost confess thy Wickedness,
I'll-therefore thee forgive;
Tet to be twe thou must endure
My wrath while the u dost live

od.

Thus God declares he will not spare the best but them correct Then let us fear him and take care His Laws not to reject.

XXI David

David and Absalom, 2 Sam. 13



Now Absalom conspires,

His best beloved Absalom

His Father's Death desires

he first contrives Ammon's Death and now invades the Crown. David's grey hairs with Sorrow he will bring unto the Ground.

The Politics Achievel el In League with him doth joyn; The Rebels now grow, confident Of carrying their Defign. weep

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Yea v

David

weeps as he goes along, ith covered head, and bared Feet; The Traitors still grow strong-

he calls upon the Lord,
nd of him humbly doth implore,
he would his aid afford.

od hears his Prayer confounds his Foes,
Brings all their Plots to nought
n rage Achicophel hangs himfelf,
In his own fnares he's caught.

oab purfues young Abfalom,
Affur'd of Victory,
and finds him hanging by the Locks,
I'th' Branches of a Tree.

el

he to him should be kind, He with a Dart peirces his heart, The Youth his Life resign'd.

Then David mourns for Abfalom, as for an only Son, Yea his dear Abfolom's Life to fave, withes his own had gone, XXII King



The Throne of Ifrael,
his wifdom far and near was known,
Most Kings he did excel.

It happened two harlots begg'd
Of him to do them Right;
Who having heard them plead their cause
Soon brought the Fruth to Light.

Both dwelt together in one house, Each did a Man-Child bear: One woman over-laid her Son I'th' Night for want of Care.

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Then rifes up, and in the dark

Doth to the other come,

And takes away her Lving Child,

Leaving her dead i'th room.

The Mother wakes, the dead Child finds,
But looking well thereon,
At length she certainly concludes,
this Child was not her own.

The other boldly doth affirm,
her's is the living Child,
The Difference is to great that they
Could not be reconcil d.

The King hears all, and thinks this cause Affection must decide,
Calls for a Sword, and tells them he the live Child will civide.

The Mother of the living Child, Fearing it thould be flain, Yields that the other it should have, And thereby makes it plain.

That she the real Mother is.

He it on her bestows

The King for VVisiom is renown'd,

His Name more famous grows.

C XXIII, Elijah

and

cause

XXIII. Elijah fed by Ravens, 1 Kings 17



NAbab's time great VVickedness
VVas acted in the Land,
For which God now resolves they shall
Feel his afflicting Hand.

Elijah came, and in the Name Of God to him declares, No Dew nor Rain upon the Earth Shall fail in full three Years.

Ahab is wrath; the Prophet flies, And by the Lord's Command, At Cherich hides, till God remove the Famine from the Land.

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and there, saith God, by Ravens I, Thee constantly will feed; "hey ne'er shall fail thee to supply With what thou stand'st in need.

Elijah nothing doubts but goes VVhere God did him advice. Had we but faith to trust in God, We ne'er should want supplies.

Of what is fit and good for us;
Which this good prophet found;
Who is fo far from wanting, that
He seemeth to abound.

The Ravens every Morning came, And bring him Bread and Flesh, and every Evening do the same; Wherewith they him refresh.

hus of the most unlikely Means, God sometimes maketh use. Birds, Beasts, and Fishes do his will, They cannot it resuse.

A Lion did with Honey feed Good Samson; from the Jaw The Waters burst to quench his thirst; All must obey God's Law.

XXIV. Elija-

Ana

XXIV. Elijah's fiery Chariot, 2 Kings 2.

52



Ood Man, how weary was thy Soul,
Of Violence and Strife.
So great were thy Afflictions, thou
Wast weary of thy Life.

Thou haunted wast from Place to Place, Hid in a Den. or Cave, Because thou did Repentance preach, And Heael would'st save.

Then God gave ear unto thy Prayer,
And bid thee to prepare,
Thou now must into Heaven sly;
Thy Heart before was there.

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This welcome Message having heard, He goes to Fericho.

And thence to Fordan he makes hafte, for quickly he must go.

Triumphantly he marches on,

Elista doth him attend,

And all the way the prophet says,

Thy Master must ascend,

When they were unto fordan come, Elijab finites the Flood; The Waters prefently gave way All turns to him for good.

When safe got through, Elijab says.
What shall I do for thee
Ab says Elisha; that thy Spirit
Might doubled be on me.

Now as they walk'd a Chariot
Of Fire does appear,
Takes up Elijah into th' Air
But leaves Elish: there.

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ace,

his

Swiftly he through the Sky doth ride
And into Heaven's receiv'd,
Elisha having lost his Lord
Exceedingly is griev'd.

C 3 XXV The

54 XXV. Two she-Bears destroy fort Gbildren, 2 Kings 2.



Lijab gone, Elisha now
At Fericko does stay
The Prophets Sons perswaded him,
His Master find they may.

He them forbids but they perfift
And urge him to't again;
But after three days feeking him
They find it is in vain.

The Citizens then him intreat

He would their waters cure;

Which he performs and Healthfulness

Doth unto them procure.

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Two he-Bears kill forty Children. Then doth he toward Betbel go;

But as he past along,

Many young Children from the Town Purfu'd him in a throng.

And mocking him they loudly cry'd Go up thou Bald-head go:

He meekly hears them for a while Which made them bolder grow

They fill mock on at length he turns, And sternly them doth eye His angry words are worfe than blows,

As they find instantly.

He doth them in the Lord's name curfe And quickly there appears Out of the difinal neighbouring wood Iwo ravenous fierce She-bears;

Who foon do these young scoffers seize, And them in peices tear They in a moment forty flay, While other fly for fear.

These youths thus justly lost their Lives Because they did mitcal God's Prophet. Ab young Men, les this A warning be to all,

XXVI. Jezeb



Ing Abab was a wicked Man, And had a vicious wife. Call'd Jezebel; she treacherously Rob'd Naboth of his Life.

Because he would not let her have His own Inheritance. And prospering in her vickedness

She therein did Advance.

The Prophets of the Lord before
She causes to be slair,
Tea she did strive to murder als
That there might none remain.

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Fo And T When she her course had finished,
For her Iniquity;
And for the blood which she had shed,
This Fezebel must die.

Out of a window she is cast,
And falls upon the Ground;
Thus Jezebel doth find at last
That God can her confound.

Her blood is sprinkled on the wall, And on the Horses falls. She innocent Blood had often spile, Which now for Vengeance calls.

The Dogs did eat up Jezebel
And nothing now remains
Of this proud and ambitious wretch,
But Scull and feet and Hands.

They then that fought for Jezebel,
No Jezebel could find:
The rest of her devour'd is,
Here's all that's left behind

She that i'th Morning painted had

Her false bewithing Face,
E're Night by Dogs is eat, and found
Of Burial no place.

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E Sther's beloved, weded & Crown'd Treason by Mordecat is found Against the King: the traytors die For their intended Villany.

Haman's th' Amalachite by race,
A Favourite and in much Grace
His Rage to Mordecai exprest'
For his not bowing as the rest.

Unto the King proud Haman sues,
For the Destruction of the Jews
The King consents and in his Name
Decrees are sent to effect the same
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The fews and Mordecai lament
For cruel Haman's black intent;
And Mordecai the Queen possesses
With their great miseries and Testreses

Her aid implor'd the Queen refuses

To help them, and her self excuses;
But (urg'd by Mordecai) consents

to die or cross their soes intent.

Unto the King Queen Efther goes,
He unexpected tayour shows
Demands her suit She doth request
The King and Haman to a feast.

Mordecai's want of Reverence
Gives to proud Haman great offence
Who tells his wife and before Friends
How much his Grandeur it offends

The King ask'd Haman what Respects

Becomes the Man whom he affects

And with that honour doth repay,
the good Deserts of Mordecai

The Queen brings Haman's Acculation; the King's displeas'd and in a Pattion, And for his Crimes commands that he Fifty Foot high should hanged be.

XXVIII The

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60



SAtan appears and then professes himself Man's Enemy; consesses sove to Job questions his faith Gains Power over all he hath.

The frighted Messengers tell Job is four fold loss he tears his robe, Submits himself to th' Almightys trust, Whom he concludeth to be just

Satan a fecond time appears
Before th' Eternal boldly dares
Abuse Job's tried Faith airesh,
And gains th' afflicting of his Flesh

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b plagu'd with Ulcers, grovling lies lagu'd in a Gulf of Miseries, is Wife to Blasphemy does tempt him is three Friends visit and lament him

rewhelm'd with greif he breaketh forth nto Impatience 'gainst his Birth rosesses that his heart did doubt nd fear what since hath fallen out

le counts his Sorrows and from thence xcuses his Impatience escribes the shortness of his time, and makes confession of his crime

he fins of job and his fad state;
hom job reproving justifies
limself bewails his miseries

od questions him and proves that Man heavenly secrets never can ttain; since he can never see w'n into Natures secrecy

od speaks to him the second time
by yields his Sin; repents his Crime;
od checks his Friends renews his health
wes him new Issue double wealth,

XXIX the

fiery Furnace, Dan 3.



W Hen Ifrael was Captive led
For fin to Babylon.

Some Youths the King did choic & feed
With his provision.

These Children were well-savoured; Such whom he could discern had wisdom Knowledge and were apt All Sciences to learn.

Now among these four Youths there were who did the rest excel,

Whom the King Govenours did make, which Trust they managed well,

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Shadrack, Melhach, Abednego, O're his Affairs were fet, But Daniel lived at the Court. And ruled in the Gate. The King a golden Image made, And fet it in the Plain, And whosoe're won't worship it Must certainly be slain. Yet these three Men do this refuse, At which the King is wroth, And doth require that instantly Before him they be brought. Into a firey Furnace he Commands them to be thrown. But they receiv'd no hurt thereby, They trust in Heaven alone. One like the Son of God was there, Which when the King did fee, He calls them forth, and does declare, Their God his God should be. He also does them all restore Unto their Dignity, And gives command all shall adore

Their God as the most high

XXX Daniel

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4 XXX. Daniel in the Lions Den; Daniel 6.



Mas cast into the Den.

He envied was because he rose

Higher then other Men.

And fince they could not him enfnare In Matters of the Crown; Of his Religion they complain, Thereby to bring him down.

Thy cry, O King, make a Decree;
And feal it with thy Ring,
That those be to the Lions cast
Who will not do this thing,

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All Men as God shall thee adore;
And unto thee shall pray;
And whosever shall resuse
This Edict to obey.

There cruelly to die,
This Daniel knew, and yet did still
Serve God as formerly:

or which his Enemies accuse
Him of Disloyalty,
ecause unto the King's Decree
He durst not to comply.

o he into the Den is cast, Of which the King repents, and for his Servent Daniel He wofully laments,

he Lions do not him devour, But seem to stand in sear; aniel in saftey there remains, For Daniel's God was there.

which the King does much rejoice, And foon doth him deliver; R Enemies the Lions tear; God loves his Servants ever. 66 XXXI The History of Ionah, Jonah, 1, 2,



THE Word of God to Fonab came, Commanded Fonab to proclaim The Vengence of his Majesty, Again the Sins of Nineveh.

But Jonah toward Tarshish went,

A Tempest doth his Course prevent:
The Mariners are sore opprest,
While Jonah sleeps and takes his rest.

The Pilot thumps on Jonab's Breast, And rouzeth Jonab from his Rest. They all cast Lots, being fore affrighte The sacred Lot on Jonah lighted. The His He

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Ionah in the Whale's Belly.

67

They question Jonab whence he came, His Country and his Peoples Name? He makes reply; they moan their woe, And ask his Counfel what to do?

The Prophet doth his Fault discover Perswades the Men to cast him over; They row and toil, but do no good, They pray to to be excus'd from Blood.

They cast the Prophet over-board; The Storm allay'd, they feat the Lord. A mighty Fish quick him devours, Where he remained many Hours.

Within the Belly of the Whale oclain He doth his Misery bewail; God hears his Prayer, at whose command The Fish delivered him on the Land.

> The fecond time was Fonab fent To Nineveb; now Jonab went, Against their crying Sins he cry'd, And their Destruction prophesy'd.

he Ninevites believe his Word, heir Hearts they turn unto the Lord: righter a him they put their only trust, ince he's both merciful and just. XXXII. The

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## XXXII The Prodigal Son Luke 15.



WO Sons unto a certain Man were born, with whom they live Until they were grown up; and then The youngest seems to grieve.

That he must always dwell at home. Therefore abroad will he; Let me fays he, my Portion have, A Traveller I'll be.

His Father, though unwillingly, Unto him doth confent, Who taking all his Goods with him, To a far Country went. V Vhen

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There he with Riot foon did waste All that with him he brought; omen and Wine, and Gluttony, His Ruin quickly wrought.

nd which did much increase his Woe A Famine in that Land hen happened, which caused him In want of Food to stand.

et if in this Necessity
On Husks he could have fed,
may be he would ne're have thought
Of coming home for Bread.

ut Hunger forc'd him to recal

His Father's houle to mind;

hen home he goes and after all

He finds his Father kind.

r live

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Vith Kisses. Robe, with Shoes and Ring, And Musick's losty Strain, Sith the fatted Calf and all goods things He doth him entertain.

nd pleads that so it ought tobe None should of it complain. Or this my Son was dead, saith he, And is alive again.

XXXIII. Dives

70 XXXIII. Dives and Lazarus, Luke 16



Dives was blest with Happiness,
But Lazarus was Poor.
Dives lives high, but Lazarus
Doth beg from Door to Door.

The very worst of Dives Slaves
Far'd better far than he,
Whose Cloaths were Bags: He nothing
But Sores and Misery. (bath

At Dives's Door poor Lazarus begs
Only some Cran's of Bread,
Which from his riotous Table fell,
wherewith he might be fed.

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length both on their Death-bed lye, and now both equal feem: tafter Death, Dives is vile, and Lazarus in esteem.

eBeggar goes to Heaven, and there in Abrabam's Eosom lies: erich Man goes to Hell, and there shough dying never dies.

om whence he Lazarus sees, and doth of Father Abraham crave, would send Lazarus back again, is Brethren's Souls to save.

heing in great Misery, ehumbly doth intreat, hop at water that may cool is tongue inflam'd with Leat.

this his cry. and strange Request, braham doth now reject.
on his former Luxury
bids him to reflect

nember Son (saith he) that then low good things diest enjoy, Lizarus Evil, therefore now le reops eternal Joy.

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XXXIV The

72 XXXIV. The Death of Ananias and Saphira, Ads 5.



Hese two dwelt in Jerusalem,
And did the Faith profess:
Yet these two lost their Lives, becauthey acted Wickedness.

They come and deal deceitfully Before the Lord of hosts. Yea, they presume to tell a Lye, Unto the holy Ghost.

For felling their Possessions: they, part of the Price kept back:
It may be they were covetous,
And fear'd themselves should lack.

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Ananias and Saphira.

And then they falfly do affirm,
They nothing did tetain,
Thinking St. Peter to deceive,
But found it was in vain.

He foon discovers the Deceit,
And plainly doth declare,
Satan had fall'd their Hearts with Lies,
'Cause God they did not fear.

To them his Word was like a Sword;
He need do nothing more;
Vengeance o'retakes them, and they dead
Are carried out of door.

Great fear from hence falls upon all, They the Apostles dread, Since God, even by their word alone, So foon strikes Sinners dead,

Let this a warning he to all; That they avoid a lye, But speak the truth in Righteousness. And in Sincerity.

Lest such a sudden dismal Fate,
Do unto them befall.

As unto these two happened:
God's Justice can reach all.

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XXIV. The Stoning of St Stephen, Acts 6. 7.



Tepben was a Man mighty in Faith, Who many wonders wrought, And who, the holy Law of Christ, with Power the People taught

His Spirit and wisdom was so great, He his Oppolers foil d, Which made them fo malicious, they would not be reconcil'd

False witnesses they then suborn, His Life away to take, To fwear that he blafphemoufly Gainst the Law and temple spake.

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He to the Council's led, by those who against him did combine; His face when he began to plead, Did like an Angel shine.

Having their leave he then begins, And shews how God did lead, Of old his People Ifrael, And them delivered.

But coming close, and charging them with innocent Blood; they cry Out in a rage Let's bim condemn,

For he shall surely die:

Mean while he looks up steadfastly to heaven and there sees stand The Son of Man in glory great, Placed at God's Righthand,

Out of the city he is cast And stoned till he dies, Sut Stephen even to the very last, Like a true Martyr cries.

ord lay not to their charge this Sin.
My Soul receive and keep
le gain'd the Crown of Martyrdom,
And fo he fell afleep.

he

76



S Aint Paul was Sailing towards Rome, when lo a Storm arose, Which was so sierce and Violent, Nothing could it oppose

The Marriners affrighted were,
And faw no hope at all,
They fear Destruction on them will
Inevitably fall.

St Paul them comforts and affures
though they in danger are
Yet all shall save their Lives, for so
God did to him declare.

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The Storm more furious grows and all their Labour doth confound. At length the Ship in pieces breaks, By being run a ground.

Now every one shifts for himself Some fwim: fome on an oar, Or brooken Plank do fave themselves So all come fafe on shoar.

Having this Danger thus escap'd, they are on Malia thrown, And there by the Inhabitants, Much Kindness had them shown.

But when St Paul had gathered Sticks to make a Fire at Land A Viper came out of the heat And fastened on his hand;

Whereat the People look on him As he a Murderer were, VVho though he had escap'd the Sea Yet Vengeance followed there:

But when they did observe that he Received no hurt thereby. They quickly change their Minds & now He is a God they cry Upon



Or he be ftrong, one breath of wind Into the Grave can cast?

Can he be judged Wile
who knows not how to live
Or can he be a Rich Man call d,
who nothing hath to give?

Can he be reckoned Young, that's feeble weak and wan? So Fair to String to very Wife, So Rich, to Young is Man. So I Bla

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So Fair is Man, that Death
Even with one parting Blast,
Blast's all his fair and dainty Flowers,
And makes him Earth at last.

So mighty Strong is Man, that with a gasping Breath, He totters, falls, and then bequeaths his boasted Strength to Death

So Wife is Man, that if
with Death he once do strive,
His wisdom never can him teach
how he one hour shall live

So Rich is Man that when
he once his Debts hath paid,
His wealth's his winding sheet wherein
Even he himself is laid,

So Toung is Man, that when
he's broke with care and forrow,
He's old enough this very Day,
that he may die to Morrow

Why brag'st thou then, thou worm, who are but Five-Foot Long?
For thou art neither Fair, nor frong, Nor Wife, nor Rich, nor Toung,

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The Dead awak'd shall rise, And then unto the Clouds they all Shall turn their wondering Eyes,

The Heavens shall opened be, the Bridegroom forth shall come, To Judge the world and to bestow On all the world its Doom

Joy it shall be to th' Just;
to th' wicked endless smart.

To these the blessed Voice bids Come
to those it bids Depart.

Pepart ye must from Life, Yet dying live for ever; For ever you will dying be; And yet you shall die never.

Depart from me like Dogs,
With Devils take your Lot;
Like Devils all depart from me,
Because I know you not.

like Dogs, like Devils go,
Go cry, and howl, and bark;
Depart and into Darkness fly,
Because your Deeds were dark,

Let Yells and Roaring be
Your Musick; and your Food
The Flesh of Viper and of toads;
Your Drink shall be their Blood.

Let Devils you afflich
With Scorn, Reproach, and Shame;
Depart, depart away from me
Into Eternal Flame.

Hell the Portion then
Of wretched Sinners be,
Lord give me my Hell on Earth,
Lord give me Heaven with thee:

Upon



Wherein there is referv'd for me,

My Crown my Diadem;

Oh! what a Heaven of Blifs
My Soul by this enjoys.
All on a findden I am wrapt,
Into a Heaven of Joys.

W ere there are troops of Powers, Of Vertues Cherubius, Ther Angels and Arch angels are, With Saints and Seraphius. Who U

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Who still are finging Praise
Unto their Heavenly King;
Their Songs and Hallelujahs they
For ever to him fing.

Where Joysare full and pure,
And are not mixt with Mourning,
Where they continue without end,
From whence there's no returning.

No Theft nor Cruelty,
No Murder harbours there,
No hoary headed Care afflicts,
Nor yet no fudden F. ar.

No pinching want is there,
No Griping, no Oppression,
Nor Death, which is the just Reward
Of the first Man's Transgression,

Eut dearest Friendship, Love, And everlasting Pleasure, Do there abide continually Without Decay, or Measure.

Fulness of Riches. Joy
And Comforts sempiternal,
Excess, yet without surfeiting,
V Vith Light and Life Eternal.

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Upon



HELL is beyond all Thoughts,
A State fad and forlorn,
No mortal Man can here relate
The Pangs that there are born.

These Burnings can't be quench'd,
No not with Tears of Blood,
No monthful Groans, nor doleful Sighs,
VVill here do any good.

Nay, all that can be faid,
To express the Pain of those
In Hell, comes, short; they are inwrapt
In everlasting woes.

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For Time there finds no End, And Plagues find no exemption; Their Cries admit no help, for from That Place is no Redemption.

Where Fire lacks no Fuel,
Therewith the Flame to heat,
To make their Torments more fevere
Their Miseries to compleat.

Where wretched Souls for ever
To Tortures bound shall be.
Where they shall serve a World of Years,
Yet never shall be free.

Where nothing's heard but Yells, And Groans, and woful Cries, And where the Fire ne're abates, The Worm there never dies.

That worm which ever gnaws,

And tears their Bowels out:
The Pit upon them shuts its Jaws:
It's terrible no doubt.

But where this Hell is plac'd
My Muse must needs stop there;
Lord shew us what its Harror is,
But never shew us where.

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ighs,

For

## Scripture HYMNS

## SONGS

Upon several Occasions.

Turn'd into English Verse. With some others.

The Song of Moses when Pharoab and his Host were drowned in the Red sea

Exod. 15. Then sang Moses and the Children of Isarel this Song unto the Lord, and spake, saying.

I To the Lord will fing; for he Triumphs in Glory so,
The Horse he and his Rider down
Into the Sea did throw.

The Lord's my Strength and Song, and he Is my Salvation:

My Godhe is I'll him prepare

My Father's God he is also, I will exalt his Fame,

The Lord he is a Man of War,

Jehn ab is his Name. He Phandob's Chariots and his Hoft,

And his choice Captains drowned were As 1'th' Red Sea they past, The I Su Jehon

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The Depths them hid, to the bottom they Sunk down even as a stone.

Jehevah thy Right hand in Power, Most Glorious is alone.

Lord thy Right-hand in pieces dasht, Those that against thee rose; And in thine Excellency Great, Thou hast o'rethrown thy Foes.

With Thou fendest forth thy wrath which them.
Did as the stubble wast;

Together gathered were the Waves, Even with hy Nostrils Blast.

The Floods stood upright as an heap;
The Depths in mid-sea rose,

The fee faid, Pll pursue, Pll catch, I will the spoil dispose.

My Lust on them I'll satisfie;
My Sword draw out will I;
My Hand shall them again posses;

Or spoil them utterly.

Thou with the Wind didst on them blow, the sea them covered;

They in the mighty Waves funk, As if they had been Lead.

Lord who is like thee, 'mongst the Gods; Who's like thee; glorious

In holiness fearful in Praise, In doing marvellous.

When thou didst forth thy Right hand stretch, the Earth them fwallowed,

The People whom thou hast redeem'd thou hast in Mercy led.

nd his

ren of Caying.

Thou by thy great Strength shall guide them to that Holy seat of thine.

The People shall hear, fear: and grieve Shall they at Palestine.

Then Edom's Dukes shall be amaz'd,
And Moabs Mighty Men
Trembling shall sieze; away shall melt
All Canaan's Dwellers then.

Fear upon them and dread shall fall, By thy Hands mightiness, They shall lie still as doth a stone, Until the People pass

Until thy People Lord shall pass
Which tou hast purchased,
Till thou hast them brought in, and in
thy Mount established.

The Mount of thine Inheritance,
O Lord, the place wherein
Thou hast prepar'd thy Sanctuary
For thee to dwell therein.

Lord, which thy Hand established;

Jehovah he shall reign

For evermore, thro' Ages all

For ever Sovereign.

For Pharoab's Horse and Chariots, And Horsman down they went Into the Sea; Febovah then The Sea upon them sent. ling u

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## Scripture Hymns

he waters of the Sea on them

He turned back in haste,

But on the dry Land i'th' midst o'th' Sea,

the Sons of Israel pass.

And Miriam answer'dthem

ing unto the Lord, for he excels
In Glorious renown;
The hath the morfe and Rider both
Into the Sea cast down.

ampson's Triumph over the Philistians when he had stain a thousand with a Jaw-hone of an As

Amfon rejoice, be fill'd with Mirth, Let all Judea know, and tell the Princes of the Earth How strong an Arm hast thou.

How has thy Dead inrich'd the land,
And purpled o're the Grass;
Ihohad'st no weapon in thy Hand
But the Jaw-bone of an As

the Glory of Men turpass;
Thine Arm hath struck a thousand down;
With the Jaw-bone of an As

et Samson's glorious Name endure till time shall bring forth one, Whose greater Glory shall obscure The Glory thou hast won.

the

David's

David's Lamentation over Saul and Jo
than

and Jonathan bis Son, 2 Sam. 1. 19.

THE Beauty of I frael is flain
Upon the places high;
How are the mighty fallen down;
In Gath this never cry:

Nor tell't in the Streets of Askelon, lest Philistines rejoyce, Lest Daughters of the uncircumcis'd Make a triumphant Noise.

Ye Mountains high of Gilbon, let there be never Dow; Let never Rain nor Fields again Or Offerings be on you.

For there the Mighty one his shield Receiv'd disgraceful foil The Shield of Saul as he had not, Anointed been with oyl.

The Bow of Jonathan turned not Back from the Blood o'th' flain, From fat o' th' mighty; and Saul's Sword Returned not in vain.

Lovly and pleasant in their lives
Were Saul and Fanathan,
Andin their Death and latest Breath,
Was no Division.

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They i wifter were then Bayles far; They Lyons did excel In Strength, O weep you over Saul, Daughters of Ifrael.

Who did in Scarlet you array, With Deckings manifold, And who on your Apparel laid,

Rich Ornaments of Gold. O thou my Brother Jonathan,

I am diftreft for thee; . A pleafant kind Companion I hou hast been unto me.

Thy Love to me was wonderful, Past that of Woman far;

How are the Mighty fall'n; and how Are lost the Men of War.

The Prayer of Jonah, to the Lord bis God, out of the Whale's Belly, Jonah 2.

To the Lord in my Diffress Did cry and he gave Ear;

Out of Hell's Belly cried I, And he my Voice did hear.

Into the Deep i'th' midft o'th Sea, O Lord thou didit me caft : The Floods me compast, all the Waves

And Billows c're me past, Then did I fay, I utterly

Cast from thy Sight remain; Yet to thy holy Temple, I

Will once more look aguin.

The Waters even to the Soul Did compass me around,

The Depth me round inclos'd, the Weeds,
About my Head were bound.

To th' Mountains bottoms I went down,

Earth's Bais did me beset;

Yet Lord my God thou brought'ft my Life
Up from Corruptions Pit.

Even when my Soul did faint in me, The Lord remembred me;

Yea then my Prayer came unto thee Into thy Sanduary.

They their own Mercies leave that do Mind lying Vanities, Rut with the Voice of giving thanks

To thee I'll facrifice.

The thing the which vow'd I have
To pay I will record,
Because alone Salvation
Proceedeth from the Lord.

## CONCLUSION,

O Holy, holy holy Lord,
The Almighty God alone,
Which was, and is, and isto come,
Who fittest on the Throne.

Thou Glory Honour, and great Power Lord worthy art to take,
For thou mad'st all, they are and were
Made for thy Pleature sake.

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The Day of Writh, that dreadful Day Shall the whole World in Ashes lay, is both the Psalms and Sibils say.

What Horror will distract your Mind, When the strict Judge, who should be kind, hall have a few venial Faults to find?

the last loud Trumpets wondrous sound, hall through the cleaving Graves rebound, and wake the Nations under Ground.

Nature and Death shall with surprize, Behold the Conscious Wretches rite, And view the Judge with frighted Eyes,

Then shall, with Universal Dread.
The sacred Myslick Roll be read,
To try the Living and the Dead.

The Judge afcends his awful Throne,
But when he makes all Secrets known,
How will a guilty Face be shewn?

What Intercessor shall I take, To save my last important Stake, When the most Just hath cause to quake?

Thou mighty formidable King,
Mercy and Truth's Eternal Spring,
Some charitable pity bring.
In Storms of guilty Terrors loft,
Forget not what my Ranfom coft,
Nor let my dear-bought Soul be floft.

Thou, who for me hast felt such Pain, Whose precious Blood the Cross did stain, Let not thy Death and Birth be vain. Thou, whom avenging Powers obey, Kemit my Debt, too vast to pay, Before the last accounting Day.

Surrounded with amazing Fears, 2. Whole load my Soul with anguilly bears; I figh, I weep; accept my Tears.

Thou who wast mov'd with Mary's Grief, And by absolving of a Thief, Hast giv'n me Hope; Oh! give Relief.

Reject not my unworthy Prayers, But free me from those dreadful Snares, That hongry, gaping Hell prepares.

Oh! let thy Blood my Crimes efface, and fix me with those Heirs of Grace, that thou dost on thy Right hand place:

Where Flames devour, and Serpents hiss, all me to thy eternal Blis.

offrate, my contrite Heart I rend; by God, my Father, and my Friend; onot forlake me in my End.

could we divide a Moment to the Eye, the should see life the Moment that we die, and Faith does fully that defect supply, arthough my Body dies, it is not s.

all may they curse their second Breath, to rise to a severer Death. as great Creator of Mankind, and Souls Compassion find

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